

# GOBIERNO DE EXTREMADURA

## Consejería de Educación y Cultura

Dirección General de Formación Profesional y Universidad

Grado Superior: INGLÉS- Parte Común -- OJO ¡!! No confundir con el de la Parte Específica

## PRUEBAS DE ACCESO A CICLOS FORMATIVOS DE GRADO SUPERIOR.

Orden de 31 de marzo de 2014, (DOE. 15 de abril)

Fecha: 10 de junio de 2014

DATOS DEL ASPIRANTE	CALIFICACIÓN
Apellidos: _____ Nombre: _____ DNI: _____ I.E.S. de inscripción: _____ I.E.S. de realización: _____	(Dos decimales)

### Instrucciones:

Mantenga su DNI en lugar visible durante la realización del ejercicio.

Grabe todas las hojas de respuestas que correspondan a esta prueba junto a esta hoja u hojas de examen.

Lea detenidamente los enunciados de los ejercicios antes de comenzar su resolución.

Duración 85 minutos.

### PARTE COMÚN: INGLÉS

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### Nelson Mandela

Mandela was born in 1918 to the royal family of the Thembu tribe. His first name was actually Rolihlahla, meaning "troublemaker". A teacher later changed it to Nelson, but Mandela's original name turned to be almost prophetic. As a young man, he ran away from home to escape an arranged marriage. He studied law and became involved in the ANC, the African National Congress, which was battling for people's rights. When the South African government declared the ANC illegal in 1960, Mandela became a hunted man. A few years later, he and many of his organisation's leaders were sentenced to life in prison.

Mandela spent 27 years behind bars. The prison's harsh conditions overwhelmed many men, but not the "troublemaker". He refused to give up his political beliefs, even when his jailers offered to free him if he did. He became a symbol of resistance all over the world and the most important black leader in South African history. He continued fighting for equality, and his release from prison in 1990 represented the end of apartheid. In 1993, Mandela received the Nobel Peace Prize for his work and, a year later, he became the first black president of South Africa. Nelson Mandela died on 5th December 2013.

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**1. In your own words and based on the ideas in the text, answer these questions: (3 points)**

- a/ Why was Nelson Mandela sent to prison?
- b/ Why is Nelson Mandela important to the African history?
- c/ How long was Nelson Mandela behind bars?

**2. Are the following sentences TRUE or FALSE?: (2 points)**

- a/ Mandela's character is linked to his first name at birth.
- b/ Mandela received the Nobel Peace Prize while he was still in prison.
- c/ Nelson changed his beliefs because he wanted his jail sentence to be shortened.
- d/ His mother chose the name "Nelson" for him.

**3. Write the three types of conditional sentences with: (3 points)**

- 1<sup>st</sup> type/** If Nelson .....(to give up) his political beliefs, his jailers.....(offer) to free him.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> type/** If Nelson.....
- 3<sup>rd</sup> type/** If Nelson.....

**4. Complete the following sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets: (2 points)**

- a/ The actor.....(award) three prizes last year.
- b/ Put the clothes in the cupboard. They.....(already/ wash).
- c/ Did you get the message? The meeting.....(hold) tomorrow morning.
- d/ The phone was cut off because the bill.....(not pay).

### CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN

- a/ Comprensión del texto
- b/ Corrección idiomática (gramatical, léxico-semántica y ortográfica).
- c/ Fluidez en la redacción de un texto, con los términos correctos y una extensión adecuada.

### CRITERIOS DE CALIFICACIÓN

La prueba se calificará con un total de diez puntos distribuidos de la siguiente manera:

- Ejercicio 1: 3 puntos, repartidos por igual entre sus tres apartados.
- Ejercicio 2: 2 puntos, repartidos por igual entre sus cuatro apartados.
- Ejercicio 3: 3 puntos, repartidos por igual entre sus tres apartados.
- Ejercicio 4: 2 puntos, repartidos por igual entre sus cuatro apartados.